

THREE FACTIONS / A NARRATIVE MAP

Trilogy 06–08 • Historical context, actors and alleged shifts of power.

This overview shows three rival groups as described in Beter’s archive. They are not three states or three peoples. They form the author’s model of a hidden power struggle, whose claims require individual verification.

06**THE ROCKEFELLER FACTION****In this dossier**

Four brothers, banking, industry and foundations. Beter attributes coordinated command of a vast power network to them.

07**BETER’S “BOLSHEVIKS”****Next dossier**

In his story, former Kremlin allies of the Rockefellers, later displaced and acting against them. The label differs from its ordinary historical meaning.

08**“NEW KREMLIN RULERS”****Trilogy finale**

An alleged new Soviet leadership said to displace the “Bolsheviks.” Beter assigns it an independent strategy and a break with the earlier alliance.

RELATIONSHIPS CHANGE IN THE STORY

Rockefellers + “Bolsheviks”: alleged earlier alliance → rupture and rivalry. “New rulers” versus “Bolsheviks”: alleged struggle for the Kremlin. Rockefellers versus “new rulers”: alleged military and political conflict.

HOW TO READ THE TRILOGY

DOCUMENTED: dates, public offices and institutional records. BETER’S CLAIM: his explanation of secret intentions and operations. EDITORIAL CONTEXT: comparison of these layers. [A]–[M] refer to Sources.txt attached to the PDF and included in the ZIP.

FROM OIL TO A DYNASTY

Three generations: a documented family history and a later interpretation.



1 1870: STANDARD OIL

John D. Rockefeller Sr. and his partners organized Standard Oil in 1870. Oil refining and distribution supplied the economic foundation of the family fortune. [D]



2 1882: THE TRUST

The Standard Oil trust consolidated corporate interests in 1882. Its scale belongs to documented industrial history; Beter later interpreted it as the foundation of a continuing world power. [D, A]



3 1911: ANTITRUST

The Supreme Court ordered Standard Oil's dissolution in 1911. Beter's claim that subsequent corporate separation concealed unified control is an additional allegation, not the court's finding. [D, A]



4 WEALTH AND PHILANTHROPY

Rockefeller Sr. became a major philanthropist. Donations created enduring institutions. Their existence documents resources and influence; it does not by itself establish a hidden chain of command. [D]



5 THE SECOND GENERATION

John D. Rockefeller Jr. and Abby Aldrich Rockefeller had six children: Abby, John III, Nelson, Laurance, Winthrop and David. The family was larger than Beter's four-man leadership group. [E]



6 FAMILY ≠ FACTION

In Audio Letters 36 and 42, Beter makes four brothers the coordinated leadership of a worldwide cartel. This is his interpretive framework, not a neutral definition of the family. [B, C]

FOUR BROTHERS, DIFFERENT ROLES

Public biographies beside the roles assigned in Beter's account.



1 THE INNER GROUP

Beter repeatedly names John III, Nelson, Laurance and David. He excludes their brother Winthrop from this inner group. The choice reflects his faction model, not the complete family tree. [C]



2 JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER III

John III helped establish the Population Council, Asia Society and Lincoln Center. Beter assigns him coordination through foundations and influence in Asia and Africa. Public institutional roles do not prove that broader command. [F, A, B]



3 NELSON ROCKEFELLER

Nelson served as New York governor and U.S. vice president. Beter casts him as a political operator with Latin American and intelligence responsibilities, pursuing the presidency. [G, A, C]



4 LAURANCE ROCKEFELLER

Laurance's documented work included venture investment and conservation. Beter expands this into a commanding role across aerospace, defense, airlines and stock markets. The two descriptions have different evidentiary status. [H, A]



5 DAVID ROCKEFELLER

David became Chase Manhattan chairman and CEO in 1969 and retired in 1981. Beter assigns him a wider banking and intelligence role. Banking leadership is documented; the alleged covert command requires separate evidence. [I, A]



6 DISTINGUISH THE LEVELS

A relative, a trustee, a business partner and a supposed operative are different relationships. This dossier keeps those categories separate when following Beter's connections between people and institutions.

HOW INFLUENCE IS DESCRIBED

Ownership, institutional leadership and claims of hidden coordination.



1 INDUSTRIAL CAPITAL

Oil wealth is the historical starting point. Beter treats a much wider corporate network as one coordinated cartel. Tracing that claim requires ownership records for each company and period. [D, B, C]



2 BANKING CONTACTS

David's international banking career supplied extensive business contacts. Contact, financing and operational control are distinct propositions; a meeting or loan alone does not establish obedience to a secret faction. [I]



3 FOUNDATIONS

Audio Letter 36 portrays major foundations as instruments for reshaping education and politics. This is Beter's allegation. Grant records and trustee appointments can document particular relationships without proving the entire proposed system. [B]



4 CULTURE AND ASIA

John III's work included cultural exchange and institutions focused on Asia. Beter reads such activity through a struggle-for-power framework. The public mission and the claimed secret purpose must be examined separately. [F, B]



5 POLICY FORUMS

David chaired the Council on Foreign Relations and helped found the Trilateral Commission in 1973. Such forums document elite networking. Their existence alone does not demonstrate a unified world government. [I, J]



6 WHAT WOULD VERIFY CONTROL?

Look for dated instructions, decision records, transactions and independent corroboration. Similar interests may explain cooperation; they cannot automatically establish the centralized command that Beter describes.

1974-1975: THE EARLY CONFLICT

Gold, presidential succession and the first claimed cracks in the cartel.



1 THE AUDIO LETTER FRAME

In Audio Letter 2, dated 15 July 1975, Beter claims that the four brothers are losing their grip. He presents exposure of their supposed plans as a force disrupting the timetable. [K]



2 FORT KNOX

The Mint announced a congressional inspection for 23 September 1974 and an audit beginning the following day. Beter alleged concealed gold theft and an unseen central vault. His allegation is separate from the inspection record. [L, K]



3 THE VICE PRESIDENCY

After Nixon's resignation, Ford became president. Nelson Rockefeller took the vice-presidential oath on 19 December 1974 through the Twenty-fifth Amendment process. These public events anchor the surrounding narrative. [M]



4 AN ALLEGED NEW CONSTITUTION

Beter alleges a plan to replace the U.S. constitutional order with a dictatorship. Audio Letter 2 links economic turmoil and Nelson's ambitions to that plan; it does not provide independent verification. [K]



5 MEDIA AS A BATTLEGROUND

Beter interprets critical reporting as a sign that a controlled media system is weakening. Editorial criticism is observable; the claim of prior centralized control requires evidence beyond the criticism itself. [K]

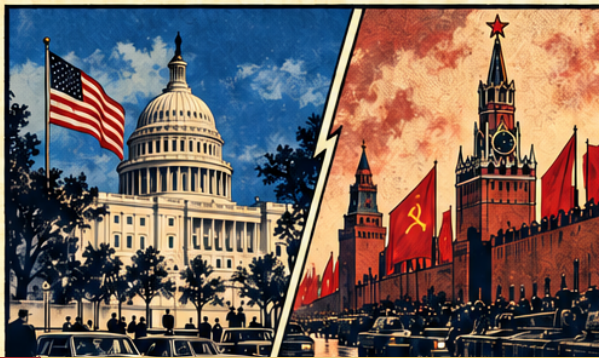


6 A CLAIMED MISSED DEADLINE

In July 1975 Beter says Nelson had intended to replace Ford by June. Ford's continued presidency becomes a setback in his story. A missed alleged deadline does not establish that the alleged plan existed. [K]

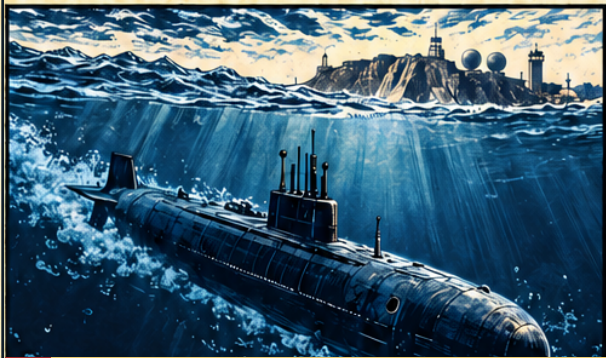
1976-1979: THE ALLIANCE BREAKS

Beter's sequence of reversals, with documented deaths identified separately.



1 A SECRET ALLIANCE?

Beter describes an earlier Rockefeller alliance with Kremlin "Bolsheviks." He then alleges that a new leadership displaced those allies. These categories belong to his narrative and are not standard accounts of Soviet succession. [B, C]



2 THE UNDERWATER MISSILE CRISIS

Audio Letter 36 recalls a supposed 1976 Soviet underwater missile crisis as a military betrayal of the brothers. Here it is a link in Beter's argument, not an independently established Cold War episode. [B]



3 THE SPACE-WAR CONNECTION

The archive's overview links the alliance's final rupture to the alleged 1977 Battle of the Harvest Moon. This connects the faction trilogy with Dossier 04; the shared narrative is not independent corroboration. [A]



4 10 JULY 1978

John D. Rockefeller III died in a car crash. Audio Letter 36 interprets his loss as a crippling blow to the brothers' coordination. The death and Beter's political interpretation are different claims. [F, B]



5 26 JANUARY 1979

Nelson Rockefeller died on 26 January. His archival biography records a heart attack. In Audio Letter 42, Beter instead alleges a concealed shooting. The material reviewed here does not independently substantiate that allegation. [G, C]



6 THE REMAINING TWO

Audio Letter 42 presents David and Laurance as survivors of a crippled leadership unit. It speculates that Henry Kissinger might fill Nelson's role. This is Beter's proposed succession, not an established appointment. [C]

WHAT REMAINS AFTER THE FALL?

Read the faction as a changing claim, not a timeless family label.



1 TWO DIFFERENT QUESTIONS

What did these people publicly do? What secret coordination does Beter attribute to them? Biography answers the first question; the second needs evidence specific to the alleged operation.



2 PUBLIC SUCCESSION

Nelson's vice presidency ended in January 1977; Walter Mondale followed him. Beter's narrative of covert power changes runs alongside that public succession, but the official transition does not validate the covert account. [M]



3 ALLIES BECOME RIVALS

The archive overview says the brothers welcomed displaced "Bolshevik" allies who later turned against them. This reversal motivates Dossier 07. The label refers to Beter's alleged faction, not an entire nationality or religion. [A]



4 A NETWORK CAN OUTLIVE PEOPLE

In the overview, the cartel survives the brothers' loss of direct command and later regroupings. Do not equate the continued existence of banks or foundations with proof of this alleged covert continuity. [A]



5 READ TITLES IN CONTEXT

John III's 1973 book *The Second American Revolution* concerns social change and cooperation between public and private sectors. Beter treats the phrase within a revolutionary conspiracy framework. A shared phrase does not establish a shared meaning. [F, B]



6 NEXT: DOSSIER 07

The next volume follows the faction Beter calls "Bolsheviks": its claimed origins, its changing alliances and its distinction from historical Bolshevism. Dossier 08 will examine his "New Kremlin Rulers."

TIMELINE / EVENT AND INTERPRETATION

The date of an event does not automatically prove its alleged cause.

DATE	EVENT / RECORD	INTERPRETATION / LINK
1870 / 1882	Standard Oil; formation of the trust. [D]	The family's historical economic foundation.
1911	Court orders Standard Oil dissolution. [D]	Beter: unified power allegedly persists. [A]
1973	Trilateral Commission; John III's book. [J, F]	Distinguish a forum, a book and a claim of a secret plan.
09 / 1974	Mint announces gold inspection and audit. [L]	Beter: hidden vault and gold theft. [K]
19.12.1974	Nelson becomes vice president. [M]	Beter: a step toward obtaining the presidency. [K]
15.07.1975	Date of Audio Letter 2. [K]	Beter reports early cracks in the brothers' power.
1976-1977	Period of the alleged alliance breakdown.	Underwater crisis and Harvest Moon: Beter's account. [A, B]
10.07.1978	John III dies in a car crash. [F]	AL36: the loss weakens the brothers' coordination. [B]
26.01.1979	Nelson dies; biography records a heart attack. [G]	AL42: Beter alleges that he was shot. [C]
31.01.1979	Date of Audio Letter 42. [C]	Beter describes weakened leadership and possible succession.

THE QUESTION FOR THE NEXT DOSSIER

How does Beter explain the transformation of alleged allies into rivals? Dossier 07 will examine his “Bolshevik” faction, the label’s origins and the claimed shift of its power base. This timeline guides source reading; it does not verify secret operations.

Sources: [A]-[M]: Sources.txt — úplné odkazy priložené / full references attached.

FROM A HISTORICAL NAME TO A FACTION

Trilogy 06-08 / part two: people, terminology and changing alliances.

Whom does Beter mean when he says "Bolsheviks"? This dossier follows a shift in meaning: from a Russian revolutionary party to an alleged covert group to which he attributes influence in Washington and conflict with the Kremlin.

1

THE HISTORICAL MOVEMENT

1903 / 1917

Lenin's political faction and its later seizure of power in Russia. This layer is examined through historical records and institutions.

2

BETER'S ALLEGED NETWORK

Origins and alliances

The archive attributes transnational continuity and a Rockefeller alliance to the group. Its alleged identity cannot be assigned to an entire ethnicity or religion.

3

THE ALLEGED AMERICAN FACTION

1978-1982

In Beter's story, displaced allies gain power in America, turn against the Rockefellers and plan war against their Kremlin rivals.

THE NARRATIVE ARC OF THIS DOSSIER

Alleged break with the Kremlin → entry into American power circles → conflict with the Rockefellers → countermoves and postponed war. This is the sequence in Beter's explanation, not an established sequence of covert events.

TWO LAYERS OF SOURCES

The Audio Letters and archive overview show what Beter claimed. Historical and official records help check dates, people and public events. They do not by themselves prove a hidden cause. References [A]-[W] are listed in Sources.txt attached to the PDF and included in the ZIP.

Sources: [A-H, I] Beter archive / historical terminology. Prehľad / Overview: editorial synthesis.

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EDITORIAL OVERVIEW - Beter's narrative does not establish the alleged secret operations.

ONE WORD, TWO DIFFERENT STORIES

Historical Bolshevism and Beter's later faction label.



1 1903: A PARTY SPLIT

The name Bolsheviks emerged from the 1903 split in the Russian Social-Democratic Workers' Party. Lenin's wing favored a tightly organized revolutionary party. The term began as a political designation. [I]



2 LENIN AND THE REVOLUTION

Lenin led the Bolsheviks to power in 1917. In Beter's later account, however, the same name identifies an alleged covert network operating well beyond that original revolutionary generation. [I, B]



3 OCTOBER 1917

The Bolsheviks overthrew the Provisional Government. Consolidating their rule involved civil conflict and repression. This documented struggle supplies historical background; it does not establish Beter's later transnational faction. [J]



4 STALIN AND CENTRALIZATION

Under Stalin, party-state control, purges and coercion expanded. The Soviet archive record documents these institutions and their victims. It cannot simply be replaced by a story of an unchanging secret group. [J]



5 1956: DE-STALINIZATION

Khrushchev denounced Stalin at a closed party-congress session on 25 February 1956. Beter later treats the post-Stalin period as evidence of a deeper factional transformation. The speech itself establishes a narrower historical fact. [K, B]



6 THE CHANGE IN MEANING

When this dossier says Beter's "Bolsheviks," it means his alleged faction. It does not mean every Soviet official, communist, Russian, emigrant or member of any religious community.

THE ORIGIN STORY IN THE ARCHIVE

A source can document what was claimed without proving the claim.



1 A RETROSPECTIVE OVERVIEW

The archive's Bird's-Eye View organizes Beter's story around three factions. Its second label is "Bolshevik-Zionist Axis." This is the archive's polemical classification, not a recognized institutional name. [A]



2 TWO EVENTS IN 1917

The overview links the Russian Revolution with the Balfour Declaration. The declaration was a British statement supporting a Jewish national home in Palestine. Their occurrence in the same year does not establish common direction. [A, L]



3 FINANCE AND POLITICS

The overview attributes both movements' origins to Rothschild interests and links them with Rockefeller power. This sweeping common-origin claim needs specific financial and organizational evidence; the assertion itself supplies neither. [A]



4 THE KHAZAR NARRATIVE

The overview also proposes continuity from medieval Khazaria to modern secret politics. A medieval population's history cannot establish the motives or collective guilt of modern Jews, communists or Zionists. That proposed continuity is unsubstantiated here. [A]



5 THE HISTORY OF A MYTH

The U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum documents "Judeo-Bolshevism" as an antisemitic conspiracy myth equating Jews with communism. Its history matters when evaluating similar collective accusations in later political writing. [M]



6 PEOPLE ARE NOT A SINGLE BLOC

Jewish identity, Israeli citizenship, Zionism, Soviet citizenship and communist affiliation are different categories. Responsibility belongs to identifiable actors and actions, not an inherited identity. This distinction also guides the illustrations.

FROM MOSCOW TO WASHINGTON?

The alleged expulsion and the collapse of an earlier alliance.



1 1953 AS A TURNING POINT

In Audio Letter 28, Beter traces a rival faction's rise through the period after Stalin's death. He calls the alleged victors "Spiritual Communists," combining political organization with a claimed religious identity. [B]



2 WHAT THE SPEECH SHOWS

The 1956 denunciation of Stalin is documented. Beter reads it as a sign of another ruling group. Moving from a documented policy shift to a hidden religious takeover requires additional evidence. [K, B]



3 THE BREZHNEV-ERA CLAIM

Beter's November 1977 account portrays the Kremlin's leadership as nationalist and no longer obedient to international patrons. This is his explanation of Soviet policy, not a publicly documented change of government that month. [B]



4 EMIGRATION IS NOT PROOF

Audio Letter 40 depicts emigrating "Bolsheviks" as expelled cadres. U.S. diplomatic records instead document disputes over Soviet emigration restrictions and trade. Emigrants cannot be classified as covert operatives merely because they left the USSR. [C, N]



5 AN ALLIANCE TURNS INWARD

According to Beter, the displaced group joined allies in America and began taking power from the Rockefeller brothers. The move converts his two-superpower story into a conflict inside the United States. [C]



6 THE SPACE-WAR LINK

Beter treats the alleged Harvest Moon defeat of September 1977 as a decisive loss of U.S. leverage. Dossiers 03 and 04 cover that narrative; repeating it across letters does not provide independent corroboration. [B, C]

1979: THE NEW "GANG OF FOUR"

Named officeholders and the separate allegations made about them.



1 28 FEBRUARY 1979

Audio Letter 43 alleges that the Rockefeller leadership has been removed and an improvised four-man group now controls government. Beter calls this group an "ad hoc gang of four." The alleged takeover is not established here. [D]



2 ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI

Public role: Carter's National Security Adviser. Beter places him in the alleged four-man leadership. The documented foreign-policy team also included other principals, including Secretary of State Cyrus Vance. [D, O]



3 W. MICHAEL BLUMENTHAL

Public role: Treasury Secretary, 1977-1979. Beter links his business background to the supposed power network. Treasury's biography describes capitalist and private-sector policies, complicating any simple identification with Soviet-style state socialism. [D, Q]



4 HAROLD BROWN

Public role: Defense Secretary, 1977-1981, with a scientific and defense-research career. Beter alleges participation in a nuclear first-strike agenda. Holding defense office does not establish membership in the alleged faction. [D, P]



5 JAMES SCHLESINGER

Public role: the first U.S. Energy Secretary, 1977-1979, previously CIA director and Defense Secretary. Beter makes central regulation the link to his supposed group. These career facts and the factional interpretation must remain distinct. [D, R]



6 A DIFFERENT POWER BASE

Beter says the new four lack the Rockefeller brothers' private coordinating network. In his narrative they inherit plans but face fragmentation. Shared office, membership or acquaintance alone cannot prove the command structure he proposes. [D]

DIPLOMACY, GUYANA AND THE VATICAN

Several settings recur in the faction narrative; each needs its own evidence.



1 SALT II

Beter interprets arms talks through secret war planning. The public SALT II agreement was signed by Carter and Brezhnev on 18 June 1979 and remained unratified. The treaty record and the alleged hidden purpose are distinct. [B, S]



2 CAMP DAVID

Carter, Sadat and Begin reached the Camp David Accords on 17 September 1978. Beter's earlier account treats Sadat's diplomacy as a route toward war. The signed frameworks are essential context when evaluating that interpretation. [B, T]



3 GUYANA / JONESTOWN

Audio Letter 40 alleges a Soviet missile base and an American-Israeli military operation behind Jonestown. FBI records document the murder of Leo Ryan and mass deaths linked to Jim Jones's group. The secret-base claim remains unsubstantiated here. [C, U]



4 THE VATICAN

Audio Letter 42 alleges an "actor pope" serving anti-Russian plans. The Vatican biography records Karol Wojtyła's election on 16 October 1978. It supplies no support for the substitute-pope claim; this dossier does not present that claim as fact. [W, V]



5 THE MIDDLE EAST CONNECTION

By 1982, Beter associates the Reagan and Begin governments with the alleged war strategy. This is an accusation about named political leadership; it must not be generalized to Americans, Israelis or Jews. [G]



6 ONE STORY, SEPARATE CASES

A diplomatic agreement, a criminal investigation and a papal election require different records. Linking them in one narrative does not make one case evidence for another. Guyana will receive its own Dossier 10.

1979-1982: COUNTERMOVES AND LIMITS

Doubles, Project Z and the explanation of a war that did not begin.



1 THE WAR OF DOUBLES

In May 1979, Audio Letter 46 introduces organic robotoids into the faction struggle. Beter alleges replacement of the four officials. These biological substitutes are part of his unverified account, explored separately in Dossier 01. [E]



2 THE KREMLIN COUNTERFORCE

Beter portrays Russian intelligence and replacement operations as obstacles to the American faction's war plans. His claimed protective role for Moscow is an interpretation of secret operations, not a finding established by the cited historical records. [E]



3 A NEW ALIGNMENT IN 1982

Audio Letter 79 recalls a limited Rockefeller-Kremlin cooperation against the alleged American faction. In this model, yesterday's opponents can coordinate against a shared enemy. The claim is not a documented diplomatic pact. [G]



4 PROJECT Z

Audio Letter 73 describes a supposed three-phase nuclear strategy: initiation, attrition and domination. The alleged "Phantom" aircraft connect it to Dossier 05. The transcript documents Beter's description, not operational proof of the program. [F]



5 SEPTEMBER 1982

Beter says an attack planned for 17 September was aborted. Audio Letter 80 then describes a turn toward domestic affairs. Explaining a non-event as a secretly prevented event still requires independent evidence. [G, H]



6 NEXT: THE NEW KREMLIN

Dossier 08 follows the third faction: its alleged religious origins, Soviet leadership succession and strategic role. A shared chronology will compare all three dossiers while retaining the distinction between public history and Beter's explanations.

TIMELINE / HOW THE ACCOUNT EVOLVES

Historical background, Audio Letter dates and questions for verification.

DATE	EVENT / SOURCE	SIGNIFICANCE / CLAIM
1903	Bolshevik label emerges. [I]	A political faction, not an ethnic category.
1917	Seizure of power in Russia. [J]	Later covert connections require separate evidence.
1953-1956	Stalin’s death; Khrushchev’s speech. [K]	Beter incorporates them into a rival-faction story. [B]
21.11.1977	Date of Audio Letter 28. [B]	Claim of “Spiritual Communists” in the Kremlin.
30.11.1978	Date of Audio Letter 40. [C]	Alleged faction relocation; Guyana as a military story.
28.02.1979	Date of Audio Letter 43. [D]	Beter names an American “new gang of four.”
28.05.1979	Date of Audio Letter 46. [E]	Alleged organic robotoids enter the struggle.
31.03.1982	Date of Audio Letter 73. [F]	Description of the alleged three-phase Project Z.
30.09.1982	Date of Audio Letter 79. [G]	Claimed cancellation of a 17 September attack.
03.11.1982	Date of Audio Letter 80. [H]	Claimed domestic turn; the Kremlin storyline continues.

WHAT MUST FURTHER RESEARCH ESTABLISH?

Who issued a particular instruction? What contemporary document records it? Is there independent corroboration? Public office, personal background and repetition of a story are not substitutes for such evidence. Dossier 08 will compare this strand with Beter’s “New Kremlin Rulers.”

Sources: [A]–[W]: Sources.txt - úplné odkazy priložené / full references attached.

THE THIRD FACTION / BEHIND KREMLIN WALLS

Trilogy 06–08 / final part: origins, strategy, people and comparison.

Who are Beter’s “New Kremlin Rulers”? In his story, a hidden Christian power circle displaces its old partners and turns Soviet supremacy against them. This dossier follows that account alongside historical records against which it can be compared.

1

ORIGINS AND TAKEOVER

Audio Letters 28 / 38

An alleged religious group, the 1917 alliance and three stages of struggle. Stalin’s death and de-Stalinization acquire hidden significance in the account.

2

EARTH AND SPACE STRATEGY

Audio Letter 38 / context

Cosmospheres, a Moon base, orbital weapons and a proposed postwar order. These lead into an ambitious vision of Venus and interstellar travel.

3

A SPECIFIC TEST AND SYNTHESIS

Audio Letter 80 / November 1982

Andropov’s succession permits comparison of precise claims, public expectations and the outcome. The closing pages connect all three factions and their changing alliances.

HOW TO READ THIS DOSSIER

The faction label comes from Beter’s archive. It does not designate all Russians, Christians or Soviet officials. The images are editorial visualizations; they do not prove the existence of the depicted covert events or devices.

SOURCES AND LIMITS OF VERIFICATION

Beter’s transcripts establish what he claimed. External archives, contemporary reporting and NASA provide separate context. A chronological match is not proof of a hidden cause. Full references [A]–[T] and notes are in Sources.txt attached to the PDF and included in the ZIP.

Sources: [A–E] Beter archive; [F–O] external records; [P–T] trilogy context.

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EDITORIAL OVERVIEW - Beter’s narrative does not establish the alleged secret operations.

1 / AN ALLEGED HIDDEN SUCCESSION

Beter's origin story: faith, revolution and a three-stage campaign.



1 A religious origin

Beter describes an unnamed Russian Christian sect more than two centuries old. Its existence as a secret ruling organization is his allegation, not an established identity of a church.



2 The 1917 bargain

In his account, these "Spiritual Communists" allied with the Bolsheviks during the revolution, then regretted enabling repression. This proposed covert alliance requires evidence beyond the revolution itself.



3 Stage one: accumulate power

AL38 presents a patient internal campaign: remain inside the alliance while gradually building influence. Beter casts the group's political strategy as religious atonement.



4 Stage two: remove rivals

Beter treats Stalin's death in 1953 as the turning point toward purging the rival faction. De-Stalinization is historically documented; this alleged hidden command structure is a separate claim.



5 A completed takeover?

By AL38 in September 1978, Beter says the Kremlin's inner circle and senior military hierarchy contain no Bolsheviks. He offers a factional interpretation of institutions still publicly communist.



6 Stage three: global conflict

He then attributes a worldwide, religiously justified war to these rulers. The account contains exterminatory rhetoric. Recounting it does not endorse violence or establish that such a program existed.

2 / PEOPLE AND ASSIGNED ROLES

Distinguish a public office from Beter's explanation of who truly ruled.



1 Stalin: the dividing line

In Beter's narrative, Stalin's death marks the rival faction's loss of its upper hand. This turns a public historical event into the hinge of a much larger secret-history claim.



2 Khrushchev: a visible signal

Beter interprets Khrushchev's de-Stalinization as a sign of the new faction's rise. A policy change alone cannot identify the supposed religious allegiance of those directing it.



3 Brezhnev: office and allegation

AL80 claims the real Brezhnev died on 7 January 1978 and was replaced by doubles. The documented public chronology records his death on 10 November 1982. These accounts conflict.



4 Ustinov: an alleged inner leader

Beter assigns Defense Minister Dmitry Ustinov a period of real leadership after Brezhnev's alleged death. His public defense role does not independently establish this covert succession.



5 Gorshkov: the next name

AL80 places Admiral Sergey Gorshkov after Ustinov in the hidden leadership sequence, followed by collective rule. This is Beter's proposed order, not the official succession of party leaders.

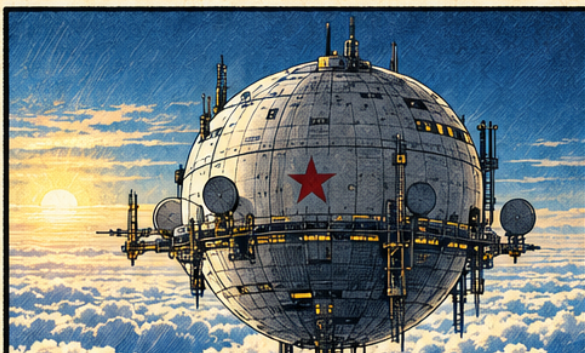


6 Andropov: intelligence and power

Beter makes Yuri Andropov central to the alleged removal of rival cadres from the KGB. His actual emergence as party leader in November 1982 gives us a specific comparison to examine.

3 / THE INSTRUMENTS OF SUPREMACY

From the claimed space triad to the documented military space program.



1 Cosmospheres

In Beter's account, hovering spherical platforms give the Kremlin decisive military reach. Their appearance here is an artistic reconstruction of that claim, not a photograph or engineering specification.



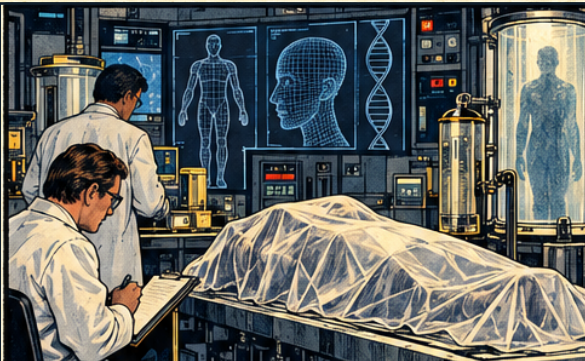
2 The Moon base

The claimed lunar base forms another leg of his space triad. It links the faction story to the earlier Harvest Moon dossier and an alleged struggle beyond Earth.



3 Orbital interceptors

Beter's third element consists of armed Cosmos interceptor satellites. The existence of real Soviet satellites does not establish these claimed capabilities or the secret battles he describes.



4 Robotic substitutes

AL46 adds alleged organic robotoids to the power struggle. A replacement narrative can explain almost any public behavior internally; testing it requires independent biological and documentary evidence.



5 What is documented

NASA's historical account distinguishes civilian Salyut stations from military Almaz stations. Salyut 3 and 5 belonged to Almaz. A genuine classified program is important context, not validation of the entire narrative.



6 The verification boundary

For each extraordinary capability, ask for identifiable hardware, mission records and independent observations. Military secrecy leaves gaps; the gaps alone do not select Beter's explanation over competing possibilities.

4 / AFTER THE WAR: EARTH AND SPACE

AL38's long-range vision extends from political dominance to other planets.



1 Choosing the moment

Beter says the Kremlin postpones war to maximize victory and minimize its own losses. He presents calculations about the world after the conflict as more important than a fixed attack timetable.



2 A hierarchy of states

His projected order is not a single world government. It extends Soviet dominance through dependent states and strategic obedience, while allowing varying degrees of local autonomy. This remains his forecast.



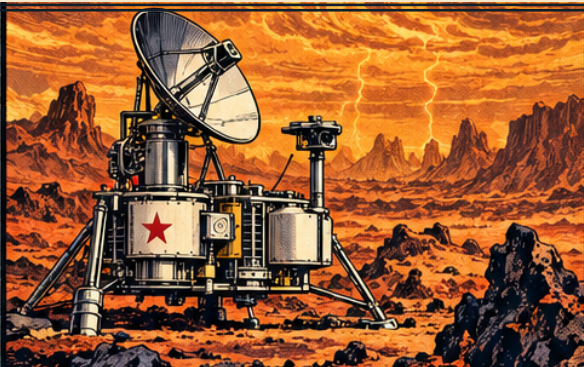
3 Economic renewal

AL38 predicts private enterprise, individualized agriculture and spiritual renewal after catastrophe. The contrast between promised renewal and mass violence is a moral tension within Beter's narrative, not a justification for war.



4 Tunguska: two explanations

Beter links the 1908 explosion to a disabled extraterrestrial craft and Soviet cosmic ambitions. NASA's historical account instead describes an asteroid airburst. His spacecraft explanation is not the established scientific account.



5 Venus: a proposed destination

AL38 names Venus as the first planetary colonization target beyond the Moon. Real Venera landers reached its surface; NASA describes extreme heat and pressure. Those missions do not establish a secret settlement program.

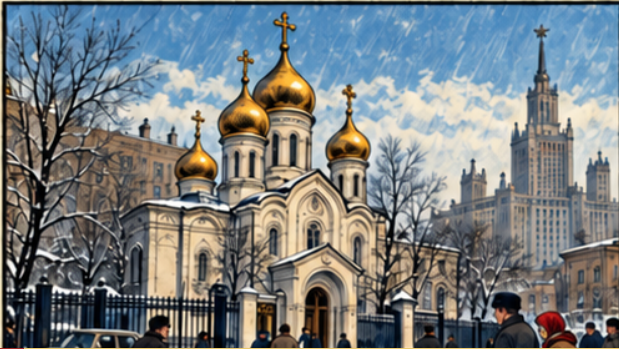


6 A galactic horizon

Beter attributes belief in several advanced civilizations and future interstellar travel to the rulers. Space becomes the promised alternative to humanity's self-destruction. This is the speculative horizon of his account.

5 / RELIGION: CLAIMS AND RECORDS

Religious activity is observable; secret control requires separate evidence.



1 Gradual liberalization?

The archive overview interprets religious developments as signs of a Christian leadership cautiously changing policy. This connects public events to an alleged hidden motive; the connection is not demonstrated by the events alone.



2 The constitutional wording

Article 52 of the 1977 Soviet Constitution recognizes freedom of conscience and religious worship, alongside atheistic propaganda. It also separates church and state. Constitutional wording must be distinguished from enforcement.



3 The record of repression

Soviet archival materials document repression and surveillance of religious life. A claim about a Christian inner circle must confront this institutional record, rather than treating every restriction as mere camouflage.



4 Billy Graham in Moscow

Contemporary reporting places Billy Graham preaching in Moscow in May 1982. His visit is a verifiable event and appears in the archive's interpretation of religious change. It does not identify a secret ruling sect.



5 A less simple picture

The same reporting describes restrictions and protesters raising the issue of religious prisoners. Graham's favorable impressions and these constraints belong in the same historical picture. Neither should be silently removed.



6 Avoid collective attribution

Beter's alleged inner circle must not be equated with all Christians, all Russians or an entire church. A person's faith or nationality is not evidence of participation in a covert political organization.

6 / NOVEMBER 1982: A TESTABLE CASE

Compare exact claims and dates, including where prediction and events diverge.



1 The date on AL80

The archived transcript is dated 3 November 1982 and names Andropov as the coming public leader. That date is worth examining; verifying original circulation would strengthen any claim of advance publication.



2 Retirement predicted

Beter predicts an orderly, voluntary retirement for Brezhnev, while maintaining that the real man had already died years earlier. These are distinct assertions and must be evaluated separately from naming the successor.



3 What actually followed

Brezhnev died on 10 November 1982. Andropov became General Secretary on 12 November. The documented transition followed a death, not the voluntary retirement forecast in AL80.



4 An already public contender

UPI reported on 30 May 1982 that Andropov was widely seen as the leading succession candidate. Naming him in November therefore does not, by itself, demonstrate access to a secret ruling council.



5 Diplomacy in the record

The 15 November meeting record shows Andropov discussing continuity and relations with the American delegation. It documents an actual diplomatic encounter, not Beter's alleged religious command structure.



6 Three factions, changing alignments

By AL79-80, Beter's account features countermoves, a supposedly cancelled attack and shifting priorities around Project Z. The trilogy closes with a changing model of alliances, whose individual claims need independent testing.

THREE FACTIONS / ONE CHANGING MODEL

All faction characteristics in this table summarize Beter’s account.

	ROCKEFELLERS	BETER’S “BOLSHEVIKS”	NEW KREMLIN RULERS
Base	Western financial, corporate and political networks.	An alleged transnational network; later American power circles.	An alleged Russian religious circle within state and military leadership.
Tools	Finance, economic connections, political influence and secret agreements.	Infiltration, institutional control and alleged war plans.	Space supremacy, intelligence, robotoids and strategic deterrence.
Objective	Retain or restore the leading position of their own power bloc.	Defeat Kremlin rivals and gain supremacy over former patrons.	Remove the rival faction and establish Russian strategic dominance.
Changing ties	From an alleged Soviet alliance to rupture; later limited cooperation against war.	From Rockefeller ally to independent rival.	From internal coexistence to expulsion of rivals; later tactical countermoves.

AN ALLIANCE IS NOT A PERMANENT IDENTITY

Track the date of each Audio Letter. Groups that cooperate at one stage may oppose each other later. AL79 describes a limited convergence against an alleged war plan; this does not imply agreement on every objective.

Verification: each connection needs a specific document, actor, date and independent corroboration. This table maps a narrative, not a proven secret organization of the world.

Sources: [B-E, P-R] / editorial synthesis of dossiers 06–08.

THE TRILOGY’S SHARED TIMELINE

Historical milestones and dates of claims are distinguished in each row.

DATE	EVENT / SOURCE	SIGNIFICANCE / CLAIM
1917	Revolution and seizure of power in Russia. [S]	Beter attaches covert alliances to the event. [B,E]
1953-1956	Stalin’s death; de-Stalinization. [T]	In AL38, an alleged factional turning point. [B]
1975-1977	Series begins; the rupture theme grows. [E,R]	Alleged weakening of the original power arrangement.
21.11.1977	Archive date of AL28. [A]	Beter introduces “Spiritual Communists.”
29.09.1978	Archive date of AL38. [B]	Faction origins, three stages, postwar world and space.
1979	AL43 and AL46. [D,R]	Alleged American rival leadership and robotoids.
03-05.1982	AL73; Graham’s Moscow visit. [F,G,P]	Project Z is a claim; the visit is a documented event.
30.09.1982	Archive date of AL79. [Q]	Beter claims a September attack was cancelled.
03.11.1982	Archive date of AL80. [C]	Andropov and the forecast of Brezhnev’s retirement.
10-15.11.1982	Death, succession and diplomacy. [K-M]	Public chronology permits testing of specific claims.

OPEN END / THE NEXT DOSSIER

The trilogy provides a map of Beter’s interpretation, not confirmation of his secret history. The next dossier can focus on the Falklands and South Georgia: first the documented war, then a precise comparison with the archive’s claims.

Sources: [A]–[T]: Sources.txt - úplné odkazy priložené / full references attached.